



### Introduction

#### What does the plan do?

- Identifies preferred locations for public vehicle charging infrastructure
- Establishes a strategy and guidelines for EV charger implementation

#### What is included in the plan?

- EV infrastructure assessment
- Market demand analysis
- Charging infrastructure analysis
- Implementation guidelines and recommendations
- Financial analysis



#### Electric Vehicle Charging Infrastructure Implementation Plan





### **Study Area**



## **Electric Vehicles Overview**

### **Types of Electric Vehicles**

This plan focuses on the **plug-in electric vehicles** that use the region's EV charging network.



Source: climatecouncil.org.au

### **Electric Vehicle Chargers**

This plan focuses on Level 2 and Level 3 (DCFC) chargers which comprise the public charging network.

Charging Station Type	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3 (DCFC)	
Voltage Requirement	120V, single phase	240V, single phase	480V, three phase	
Load in Amps	12 A	40 A	+100 A	
Connector	None	SAE J1772, Tesla*	CHAdeMO and SAE Combo, Tesla	
Charge Rate	3-5 Miles per hour	12-80 Miles per hour	3-20 Miles per minute	
Compatibility	All EVs	All EVs	Not all EVs	
Typical Use	Overnight home charging	Accounts for most EV charging	Best for long-range travel	
Notes	Standard residential receptacle	Similar to large appliance circuit	Likely requires new infrastructure to site	

# **Developing the Plan**

# **Planning Process**



### Input & Engagement







# Stakeholder Advisory Group (SAG)

The SAG met 4 times to review and provide input on key components of the study.

#### Meeting #1



Project introduction EV charging network gaps Vision and goals

# Heeting #2

Existing conditions and trends Review public survey input Siting methodology



EV adoption projections Equity considerations Draft siting recommendations Prioritization criteria



Discuss recommendations Implementation guidelines Financial analysis Schedule for draft and final reports

Greatest barriers to more widespread EV adoption

### **Public Survey**

- January 17 February 28, 2024 •
- 341 responses •
- Asked questions about public • perception and interest in EVs.



Likelihood of Buying an EV in the Future

Yes,



### Vision & Goals

Our vision is to create a future where our region is connected by a convenient, sustainable, and equitable charging network that encourages the use of electric vehicles and promotes economic development.

Goal #1: Convenient & accessible Goal #2: Support economic development Goal #3: Equitable Goal #4: Sustainable & reliable



### **Existing Conditions Assessment**



County	Level 2	DCFC	Tesla/Tesla Destination
Lucas	75	9	30 DCFC, 4 L2
Wood	27	1	12 DCFC
Sandusky	11	3	-
Ottawa	10	12	16 DCFC, 2 L2
Monroe	1	10	1 L2
Total	133	35	58 DCFC, 7 L2



### **EV Adoption Trends**

#### TMACOG Study Area EV Adoption Trends – Ohio Counties



Source: DriveOhio Alternative Fuel Vehicle Registration Dashboard

#### Monroe County (MI) 2023 EV Registrations

BEV	PHEV	Total	Percent EVs
293	175	468	0.35%



### **Existing Conditions**

#### **Additional Considerations:**

- Census data population, housing types, etc.
- EV Registrations
- Planned EV charging stations
- Electric service areas
- Land use
- Traffic patterns
- EV-related policies, plans and incentives

### **Market Analysis**



# Recommendations & Implementation Guidance

### **Equity Considerations**



# **Siting Methodology**

#### Level 2

• Prioritize places where people are likely to spend more time (parks, libraries, shopping areas, etc.)

#### Level 3

- Higher-traffic corridors that support regional travel
- Network gaps



# **Site Recommendations**





### **Charging Station Site Recommendations**

County	Existing L2 Stations	Additional Recommended L2 Stations	Total L2 Stations	Existing and Planned L3 Stations	Additional Recommended L3 Stations	Total L3 Stations
Lucas, OH	35	60	95	7 (6 existing, 1 planned)	6	13
Wood, OH	13	28	41	1 existing	8	9
Sandusky, OH	6	10	16	4 existing	5	9
Ottawa, OH	7	5	12	2 existing	2	4
Monroe, MI	7	26	33	6 (4 existing, 2 planned)	3	9

### **Level 2 Site Prioritization**





### Level 3 Site Prioritization



### **Financial Analysis**

		Level 2 Station 2 per site		Level 3 Station 4 per site	
		Urban	Rural	Urban	Rural
Initial	Permitting <sup>1</sup>	2,050	2,050	2,050	2,050
Construction	Utilities (costs to upgrade based on cost of transformer)	12,000	10,000	125,000	105,000
	Installation	21,000	8,000	50,000	22,000
	Equipment (panels, circuiting)	45,000	20,000	135,000	100,000
	Charging Stations	10,000	10,000	164,000	164,000

<sup>1</sup> Includes permitting costs related to site plan review, the zoning permit application (average review time is two weeks), and the building permit application (average review time is four weeks). A majority of jurisdictions require that the electrical permit be submitted by a licensed Electrician and/or Electrical Contractor.



### **Implementation Guidance**

Project Development	<ul> <li>Community Coordination</li> <li>Determine Ownership Model</li> <li>Utility Coordination</li> <li>Assess Electricity Rates and Pricing</li> </ul>
Site Development	<ul> <li>Determine Network Connection Needs</li> <li>Site Design</li> <li>Obtain Permits and Approvals</li> <li>Site Preparation</li> </ul>
Installation	<ul> <li>Access Installation Needs and Costs</li> <li>Identify Funding</li> <li>Identify Vendor and Purchase Equipment</li> <li>Install Charging Equipment</li> </ul>
Operations and Maintenance	<ul> <li>Test and Commission</li> <li>Pricing and Payment Structure</li> <li>Ongoing Maintenance</li> </ul>





### **Questions?**

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